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Background:

With increasing and diversifying healthcare needs coupled with limited resource growth there is a need to review existing service delivery methods to identify innovative and efficient ways to deliver the same health outcomes for our consumers. As family-centred practitioners, our focus throughout this project was to ensure a strong partnership between our consumers, the evidence, clinician expertise.



Healthcare Professional Objectives:

- •Review the efficacy and feasibility of an Occupational Therapy play based group therapy program (PBGTP) in paediatric burn rehabilitation
- •Improve health consumers health related quality of life² and functional outcomes through timely intervention
- •Improve efficiency of therapist resources through provision of group therapy

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N = 16: • **62.5%** (10/16) of children had reduced occupational performance due to the burn

Health Consumer Feedback:

injury • **75%** (12/16) parents believe it would be beneficial to participate in a play based group therapy program (PBGTP)

• **93.75%** (15/16) feel a PBGTP would allow their child to share experiences with other children

Conclusion: Despite there currently being limited evidence supporting play based group therapy in burns rehabilitation, health consumer feedback warrants further investigation.

Stage 2 will involve implementation and evaluation (i.e. Cost effectiveness and consumer satisfaction) of a pilot PBGTP, including development of assessment forms and outcome measures.

References:

- 1. Grice, K. O et al 2015, 'Influence of burn injury on activity participation of children', Journal of Burn Care Research, vol.36, no.3, pp.414-420.
- 2. Piertersma, S. et al 2014, 'Domains of quality of life: results of a three-stage Delphi consensus procedure among patients, family of patients, clinicians, scientists and the general public', Quality of Life Research, vol. 23. pp.1543-1556.
- 3. Melchert-McKearnan, K, et al 2000, 'Children with burn injuries: purposeful activity versus rote exercise', American Journal of Occupational Therapy, vol.54, no.4, pp. 381-
- 4. Omar, MT et al 2012 'Influences of purposeful activity versus rote exercise on improving pain and hand function in pediatric burn', Burns, vol.38, no.2, pp. 261-268.
- 5. Seehausen, A. et al 2015 'Efficacy of a burnspecific cognitive-behavioural group training', Burns, vol.15, pp. 308-316.

Evidence:

- •Burn injuries affect activity participation of children¹
- Participation in desired activities increases quality of life¹
- Psychosocial groups are beneficial in reducing stress and symptom severity⁵
- Purposeful activity based on playing can reduce pain³ and improve hand function⁴
- Children experience increased enjoyment with formal activities1



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